

$$y' - 4y = 0$$

$$\downarrow \sum_{n=0,1}^{\infty} a_n n x^{n-1} \uparrow^{n+1} - 4 \sum_{n=0}^{\infty} a_n x^n = 0$$

$$\sum_{\substack{n=-1,0 \\ n=0}}^{\infty} a_{n+1} (n+1) x^n - 4 \sum_{n=0}^{\infty} a_n x^n = 0$$

$$\sum_{n=0}^{\infty} [a_{n+1} (n+1) - 4a_n] x^n = 0$$

Every coeff = 0

$$a_{n+1} (n+1) - 4a_n = 0$$

$$a_{n+1} (n+1) = 4a_n$$

$$\boxed{a_{n+1} = \frac{4a_n}{n+1}} \quad \text{for } n=0,1,2,\dots$$

$$n=0 \quad a_1 = \frac{4a_0}{1} = \frac{4^1 a_0}{1!}$$

$$n=1 \quad a_2 = \frac{4a_1}{2} = \frac{4 \cdot 4a_0}{2 \cdot 1} = \frac{4^2 a_0}{2!}$$

$$n=2 \quad a_3 = \frac{4a_2}{3} = \frac{4 \cdot 4 \cdot 4a_0}{3 \cdot 2 \cdot 1} = \frac{4^3 a_0}{3!} = \frac{4^3 a_0}{3!}$$

$$n=3 \quad a_4 = \frac{4a_3}{4} = \frac{4 \cdot 4^3 a_0}{4 \cdot 3 \cdot 2 \cdot 1} = \frac{4^4 a_0}{4!}$$

$$a_n = \frac{4^n}{n!} a_0$$

$$a_{n+1} = \frac{4^{n+1}}{(n+1)!} a_0$$

Recall: $y = \sum_{n=0}^{\infty} a_n x^n$

$$y = \sum_{n=0}^{\infty} \frac{4^n}{n!} a_0 x^n = a_0 \sum_{n=0}^{\infty} \frac{4^n x^n}{n!} = a_0 e^{4x}$$

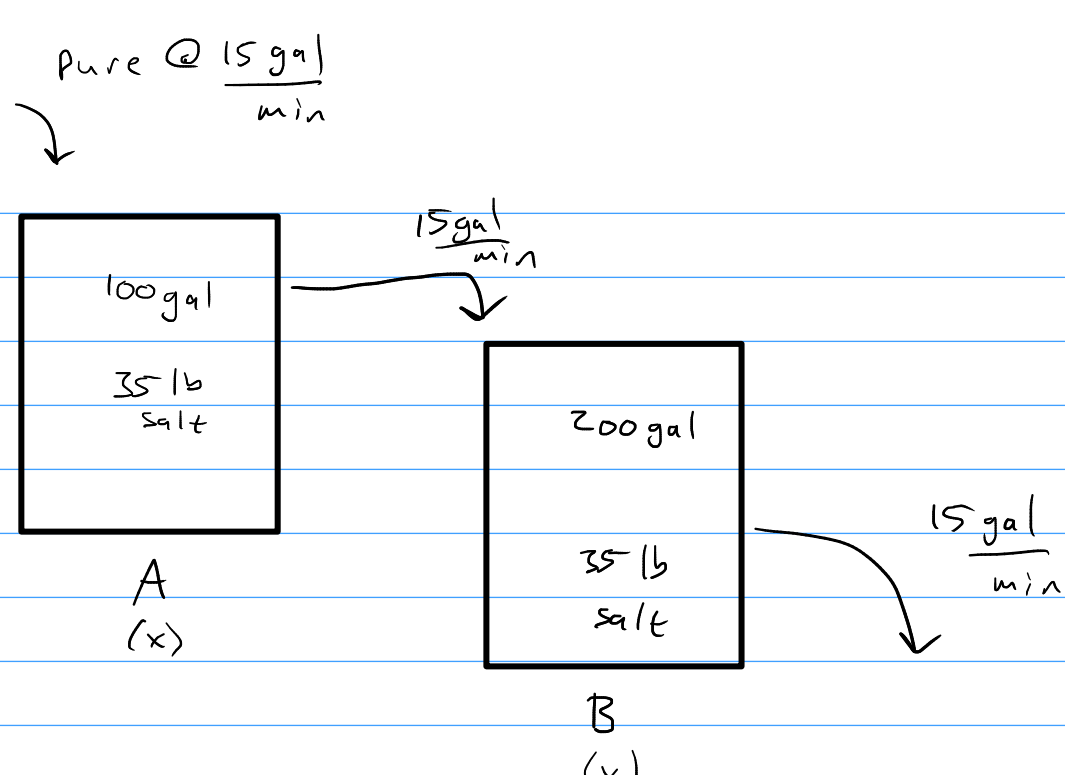
$$y = c e^{4x}$$

$$y = \sum_{n=0}^{\infty} a_n x^n$$

$$y' = \sum_{n=0,1}^{\infty} a_n n x^{n-1}$$

= Must have like terms,

= Must have same index,



$$\frac{dx}{dt} = 15 \frac{\text{gal}}{\text{min}} \cdot \frac{0 \text{ lb}}{1 \text{ gal}} - 15 \frac{\text{gal}}{\text{min}} \cdot \frac{x \text{ lb}}{100 \text{ gal}}$$

$$\frac{dx}{dt} = -\frac{15}{100}x + 0y$$

$$\frac{dy}{dt} = +15 \frac{\text{gal}}{\text{min}} \cdot \frac{x \text{ lbs}}{100 \text{ gal}} - 15 \frac{\text{gal}}{\text{min}} \cdot \frac{y \text{ lbs}}{200 \text{ gal}}$$

$$\frac{dy}{dt} = \frac{15}{100}x - \frac{15}{200}y$$

$$\begin{bmatrix} x \\ y \end{bmatrix}' = \begin{bmatrix} -\frac{15}{100} & 0 \\ \frac{15}{100} & -\frac{15}{200} \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} x \\ y \end{bmatrix} \quad \vec{X}' = A\vec{X}$$

$$A = \begin{bmatrix} -\frac{3}{20} & 0 \\ \frac{3}{20} & -\frac{3}{40} \end{bmatrix} \quad \det(A - \lambda I) = \det \begin{bmatrix} -\frac{3}{20} - \lambda & 0 \\ \frac{3}{20} & -\frac{3}{40} - \lambda \end{bmatrix} = 0$$

$$= \left(-\frac{3}{20} - \lambda\right) \left(-\frac{3}{40} - \lambda\right) - 0$$

$$= \left(-\frac{3}{20} - \lambda\right) \left(-\frac{3}{40} - \lambda\right) \quad \text{Set } 0$$

$$\lambda_1 = -\frac{3}{20} \quad \lambda_2 = -\frac{3}{40}$$

$$\lambda_1 = -\frac{3}{20} \quad \begin{bmatrix} -\frac{3}{20} - (-\frac{3}{20}) & 0 \\ \frac{3}{20} & -\frac{3}{40} - (-\frac{3}{20}) \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} x \\ y \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} 0 \\ 0 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$\sim \begin{bmatrix} 0 & 0 & | & 0 \\ \frac{3}{20} & \frac{3}{40} & | & 0 \end{bmatrix} \xrightarrow{\frac{20}{3}} \begin{bmatrix} 0 & \frac{1}{2} & | & 0 \\ \frac{3}{20} & \frac{3}{40} & | & 0 \end{bmatrix} \sim \begin{bmatrix} 1 & \frac{1}{2} & | & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & | & 0 \end{bmatrix} \quad y \text{ free}$$

$$x + \frac{1}{2}y = 0$$

$$x = -\frac{1}{2}y$$

$$y = t$$

$$\vec{X}_1 = \begin{bmatrix} -\frac{1}{2}t \\ t \end{bmatrix}$$

$$@t = -2$$

$$\vec{X}_1 = \begin{bmatrix} 1 \\ -2 \end{bmatrix}$$

Ideally: No fractions
No common factor
No lead -

$$\lambda_2 = -\frac{3}{40}$$

$$\begin{bmatrix} -\frac{3}{40} - (-\frac{3}{40}) & 0 \\ \frac{3}{20} & -\frac{3}{40} - (-\frac{3}{40}) \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} x \\ y \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} 0 \\ 0 \end{bmatrix} \xrightarrow{-\frac{40}{3}} \begin{bmatrix} -\frac{3}{40} & 0 \\ \frac{3}{20} & 0 \end{bmatrix} \sim \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 0 \\ \frac{3}{20} & 0 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$\sim \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 0 & | & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & | & 0 \end{bmatrix} \quad y \text{ free} \quad \begin{matrix} 1x = 0 \\ y = t \end{matrix} \quad \vec{X}_2 = \begin{bmatrix} 0 \\ t \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} 0 \\ 1 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$-\frac{3}{20}R_1 + R_2 \rightarrow R_2$$

$$\vec{X} = c_1 \vec{X}_1 e^{\lambda_1 t} + c_2 \vec{X}_2 e^{\lambda_2 t}$$

$$\vec{X} = c_1 \begin{bmatrix} 1 \\ -2 \end{bmatrix} e^{-\frac{3}{20}t} + c_2 \begin{bmatrix} 0 \\ 1 \end{bmatrix} e^{-\frac{3}{40}t}$$

$$\text{IC. } x(0) = 35$$

$$y(0) = 35$$

$$\vec{X}(0) = \begin{bmatrix} 35 \\ 35 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$\begin{bmatrix} 35 \\ 35 \end{bmatrix} = c_1 \begin{bmatrix} 1 \\ -2 \end{bmatrix} + c_2 \begin{bmatrix} 0 \\ 1 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$\hat{i}: 35 = c_1 + 0 \rightarrow c_1 = 35$$

$$\hat{j}: 35 = -2c_1 + c_2 \rightarrow 35 = -70 + c_2$$

$$105 = c_2$$

$$\vec{X} = 35 \begin{bmatrix} 1 \\ -2 \end{bmatrix} e^{-\frac{3}{20}t} + 105 \begin{bmatrix} 0 \\ 1 \end{bmatrix} e^{-\frac{3}{40}t}$$

$$x = 35 e^{-\frac{3}{20}t}$$

$$y = -70 e^{-\frac{3}{20}t} + 105 e^{-\frac{3}{40}t}$$